

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

BUSINESS STUDIES

SAMPLE PAPER 2

CLASS XI MARKS:80

Q.NO	SECTION A	MARKS
1.	The maritime routes linked the east and the west by sea and were	1
	used for the trade of	
	a.tea	
	b.coffee	
	c.pulses	
	d.spices	
2.	A business can be occupied into and	1
	·	
	a. industry and commerce	
	b. industry and trade	
	c. trade and commerce	
	d. internal and external trade	
3.	business is a specific form of business organisation found	1
	only in India.	
	a. Joint Hindu family	
	b. Sole Proprietorship	
	c. Cooperative societies	
	d. Joint stock company	
4.	The written agreement which specifies the terms and conditions that govern	1
	the partnership is called the	

	a. partnership document	
	b. partnership deed	
	c. partnership data	
	d.partnership clause	
5.	is the first stage in the formation of a	1
	company.	
	a.Name approval	
	b. Incorporation	
	c.Capital Subscription	
	d. Promotion	
6.	Tourism, recreational services and restaurants are examples of	1
	a.business services	
	b.impersonal services	
	c.personal services	
	d.social services	
7.	is a process of holding and conservation of goods	1
	till they are	
	dispatched to the customers.	
	a. Warehousing	
	b.Transportation	
	c.logistics	
	d.none of the above	
8.	covers a firm's interactions with its customers and	1
	suppliers over the internet.	
	a. e-commerce	
	b. e-business	
	c. customer service	

	d. internet banking	
9.	The manufacture of an automobile requires assembly of a large number of	1
	components which in turn are being manufactured elsewhere, within the	
	vicinity of the automobile factory or even overseas. To reduce dependence on	
	a single supplier, the automobile factory has to cultivate more than one	
	vendor for each of the components.	
	Identify the concept behind the example given above	
	a.B2C	
	b.C2B	
	c.C2C	
	d.B2B	
10.	Use of Internet has considerably reduced dependence on paperwork and the	1
	attendant	
	a.blue tape	
	b.red tape	
	c.green tape	
	d.orange tape	
11.	involves an element of voluntary action	1
	on the	
	part of business people for the benefit of society.	
	a. legal responsibility	
	b. social responsibility	
	c.both legal and social responsibility	
	d. none of the above	
12.	Environmental pollution, unsafe workplaces, corruption in public institutions,	1
	and discriminatory practices in employment are some of the problems created	
	or perpetuated by	

	a. business enterprise	
	b. government enterprise	
	c. society	
	d. public	
13.	The enterprise must take proper precaution against adulteration, poor	1
	quality, lack of desired service and courtesy to customers, misleading	
	and dishonest advertising, and so on.	
	Identify to which group, social responsibity of businesss is explained above.	
	a. Responsibilty towards the businessmen	
	b. Responsibilty towards the government	
	c. Responsibilty towards the workers	
	d.Responsibilty towards the consumers	
14.	No matter how small or large a business is, it needs funds for its day-to-day	1
	operations. This is known asof an enterprise.	
	a. working capital	
	b. owners capital	
	c. fixed capital	
	d. operational cost	
15.	On the basis of ownership, the sources can be classified into	1
	a.2	
	b.3	
	c.4	
	d.5	

16	A company generally does not distribute all its earnings amongst the	1
	shareholders as dividends. A portion of the net earnings may be retained in	
	the business for use in the future. Identify the concept.	
	a.Equity shares	
	b.ploughing back of profits	
	c.Retained earnings	
	d.both b and c	
17.	Abbreviate MSMED	1
	a. Macro, Small and Medium Enterprises Developing Act	
	b. Macro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act	
	c. Micro, Small and Medium Development Act	
	d. Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act	
18.	Expand NSIC	1
	a. National Small Industry Corporation (NSIC)	
	b. National Smallest Industries Corporation (NSIC)	
	c. National Small Industries Corporation (NSIC)	
	d. National Small Industries Corporate (NSIC)	
19.	These shops are commonly found in a local market and residential areas,	1
	these shops carry stock of a variety of products needed to satisfy the day-to-	
	day needs of the consumers residing in nearby localities. Identify the concept	
	explained.	
	a)Speciality shops	
	b)General stores	
	c)Second hand goods shop	
	d)Single line stores.	

20.	They are the small retailers who open their shops at different places on fixed	1
	days or dates, such as every Saturday or alternate Saturdays, and so on.	
	a) Peddlers and hawkers	
	b) Market traders	
	c) Street traders	
	d) Cheap jack	
	SECTION B	
21.	Discuss any three (3) objectives for a business	3
22.	After completing the formalities, promoters make an application for the incorporation of the company. The application for registration must be accompanied with certain documents. Explain the first three (3) steps to be taken in the stage of Incorporation.	3
23.	These are established under The Companies Act, 2013 and is registered	3
	and governed by the provisions of The Act. These are established for purely	
	business purposes and in true spirit compete with companies in the private	
	sector.	
	a. Identify the type of organisation explained above	
	b. Explain any two(2) demerits of the identified type of organisation	
24.	These shares represent the ownership of a company and thus the capital	3
	raised by issue of such shares is known as ownership capital or owner's	
	funds. This share capital is a prerequisite to the creation of a company. They	
	are referred to as 'residual owners' since they receive what is left after all	
	other claims on the company's income and assets have been settled. They	
	enjoy the reward as well as bear the risk of ownership.	
	From the information given above, Explain any three merits of the identified	
	source of finance.	

25.	These enterprises are established as departments of the ministry and are	4
	considered part or an extension of the ministry itself. The Government	
	functions through these departments and the activities performed by them are	
	an integral part of the functioning of the government.	
	a. Identify the type of organisation explained above	
	b. List any three (3) features of the identified concept	
26.	Enumerate the different types of Bank Accounts (Any 4)	4
27.	Compare E-Business with Traditional Business on the following basis	4
	a. Locational	
	b. Cost of setting up	
	c. Operating cost	
	d. Nature of contact with suppliers and customers	
28.	Explain the social responsibility of business towards different interest	4
	groups.	
	(i) Responsibility towards the shareholders or owners (any 2 points)	
	(ii) Responsibility towards the consumers (any 2 points)	
29.	These stores combine both the functions of retailing as well as warehousing.	4
	They purchase directly from the manufacturers and operate separate	
	warehouses. This helps to eliminate unwanted middlemen between the	
	producers and the customers. They have centralised purchasing	
	arrangements. All the purchases in these stores are made centrally by the	
	purchase department of the store.	
	a. Identify the type of store explained here	
	b. Explain any one(1) merit and two(2) demerits of the identified store	
30.	Explain the benefits of international business to the	4
	a. Nation (ANY 2 points)	

	b. Firm (ANY 2 points)	
31.	Explain any (3) merits and any (3) demerits of Sole Proprietorship business	6
32.	He/She is the one who undertakes to form a company with reference to a	6
	given project and to set it going and who takes the necessary steps to	
	accomplish that purpose. Thus, apart from conceiving a business opportunity,	
	He/She analyse its prospects and bring together the men, materials,	
	machinery, managerial abilities and financial resources and set the	
	organisation going. After thoroughly examining the feasibility of the idea,	
	they assemble resources, prepare necessary documents, give a name and	
	perform various other activities to get a company registered and obtain the	
	necessary certificate enabling the company to commence business. Thus,	
	they perform various functions to bring a company into existence.	
	a) Identify the concept related to formation of the company.	
	b) Explain the first (5) functions performed by the above identified	
	concept.	
33.	Explain the role of small business in India	6
34.	Ever seen a long time outside a shoe store? People waiting in the scorching	6
	heat just to buy a pair of shoes? If you haven't, you'll see it outside Satya	
	Brata Dey's Shree Leather Shoe Stores in Calcutta. Satya starts his business	
	venture with buying six pairs of ladies' chappals. He was determined not to	
	borrow money from anybody. He sold the chappals at Rs. 69 each and made	
	a little profit, which he invested to buy more chappals. After a few months	
	Satya made a profit of Rs. 300 which thrilled him to no end. Now he was	
	really in business Satya's business philosophy develops Satya's showroom	
	was in New Market. In those days New Market used to close by 6 pm. After	
	6 or 7 pm the whole area used to be dark and deserted. But Satya opened his	
	shop before anyone else and kept it open long after others had closed theirs.	

He did this even if there were no customers. What if there was one customer who needed shoes late in the day when the other shops were closed? Gradually over a period of time, Satya started to manufacture the shoes that he sold in his store. He positioned his shoes as poor man's shoes-good quality and inexpensive. He kept his margins low so that he could attract a large number of customers. Even though his shoes were meant to attract the low-income customers, many ministers and businesspeople also bought his shoes. Soon satisfied customers brought their friends and family and his business started to grow by leaps and bounds. He had a winning combination for success-the quality was good and the price was right. A shrewd businessman that Satya is, he kept other manufacturers products as well, so the customers could compare and see that sreeleathers shoes were cheaper and better.

- a) From the above given case study, identify the form of organization.
- b) Explain any three merits and demerits of the identified organization